A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Financial Statements Ended 30th June, 2018

COUNTRY WIDE BUSINESS SOLUTIONS PTY LIMITED

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A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

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A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Directors' Report

Your Directors present this report on the company for the financial year ended 30th June, 2018.

Directors

The names of each person who has been a director during the year and to the date of this report are:

David James BLAIR (Appointed 05/10/18)
Gregory Arthur FOY (Resigned 10/07/18)
Neville BLANCH
Darrin Scott LEWIS
Peter John TAIT
Denise POLLEY
Janice SURTEES
Stephen RACE
Colin Kenneth TUBBY (Appointed 30/05/18)

Directors have been in office since the start of the financial year to the date of this report unless otherwise stated.

Principal Activities

The principal activity of the Company during the financial year was that of a registered club, providing sporting and social activities for the members and their guests. During the year there has been no significant change in the nature of those activities.

The company's short-term objectives are to:

- Modify clubhouse to enable greater family patronage.

The company's long term objectives are to:

- Complete clubhouse extensions.

To achieve these objectives, the company has adopted the following strategies:

- Encourage member discussion and involvement in planning and designing the clubs future.

WINGHAM GOLF CLUB

Not For Profit (Reporting) LIMITED

ABN 59 001 046 064

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Directors' Report

The Company has the following members:

	<u>2018</u>	<u>2017</u>
Social	223	264
Full	264	283
Social Play	55	60
Junior	14	14
Life ·	<u>6</u>	7
	<u>562</u>	628

Information on Directors

The particulars of the qualifications, experience and special responsibilities of the Directors of the Company are as follows:

David James Blair

Previous Director 5 years. Retired Commercial Manager. Treasurer. (Resigned 30/09/17) (Appointed 05/10/2018)

Gregory Arthur Foy

Director 7 years. Project Officer. Vice President 2012 - 2014. President 2014-2018 (Resigned 10/07/18)

Neville Blanch

Director 6 years. Retired, School Teacher.

Darrin Scott Lewis

Director 4 years. Real Estate Agent.

Raymond Leslie Bisby

Director 1 year. Butcher. (Resigned 30/9/17)

Peter John Tait

Director 3 years. Retired School Teacher

Denise Polley

Director 2 years. Business Principal, retired.

Janice Surtees

Director 2 years. School Teacher, retired.

Stephen Race

Director 2 years. WHS Officer.

WINGHAM GOLF CLUB

Not For Profit (Reporting) LIMITED ABN 59 001 046 064

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Directors' Report

Meetings of Directors

During the financial year, 12 meetings of Directors were held. Attendances by each director were as follows:

	Number Eligible To Attend	Number Attended
Gregory Arthur FOY (Resigned 10/07/18)	12	9
David James BLAIR (Appointed 05/10/18)	3	2
Neville BLANCH	12	12
Darrin Scott LEWIS	12	6
Peter John TAIT	12	6
Denise POLLEY	12	11
Janice SURTEES	12	6
Stephen RACE	. 12	9
Colin Kenneth TUBBY (Appointed 30/05/18)	2	2

Members Guarantee

The company is incorporated under the Corporations Act 2001 and is a company limited by guarantee. If the company is wound up, the constitution states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$4 each towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the entity.

At 30th June, 2018, the total amount that members of the company are liable to contribute if the company is wound up is \$2,248 (2017: \$2,512).

WINGHAM GOLF CLUB Not For Profit (Reporting) LIMITED

ABN 59 001 046 064

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Directors' Report

Important Information For Members in a Format Approved by the Directors of Liquor and Gaming

In accordance with Section 41(h) of the Registered Clubs Act (1976), the Directors advise that the original declarations, disclosures and returns made pursuant to sections 41C, 41D, 41E and 41F are held with the Club Secretary and may be inspected by members on written application to the Secretary:

- (a) No disclosures, declarations and returns received under sections 41C to 41F;
- (b) There were no top executives whose total remuneration (including salary, allowances and other benefits) falls within each successive \$10,000 band commencing at \$100,000
- (c) There was no club-related overseas travel by a director or an employee;
- (d) There were no loans made to an employee in excess of \$1,000 (or which added to other loan amounts to \$1,000 or more);
- (e) There were no contracts for the remuneration of a top executive or any controlled contract entered into by the club;
- (f) There were no employee's of the club who are a close relative of a director or a top executive (a "close relative" means a parent, child, brother, sister or spouse of the club director or top executive, or a person with whom the club director or top executive has a de facto relationship);
- (g) No consultant was paid \$30,000 or more:
- (h) No consultants were engaged by the club;
- (i) No settlement was made with a director or an employee of the club as a result of a legal dispute;
- (j) No legal fees, not referred to in paragraph (i), were paid by the club on behalf of a director or employee;
- (k) Total profits from the operation of approved gaming machines during the 12 months gaming tax period 1st July 2017 to 30th June, 2018 was \$107,427;
- (I) No amount was applied to community development and support (the CDSE scheme) during the applicable gaming machine tax period.

Name of Club:

Wingham Golf Club Limited

Club Serial Number:

239268

Reporting Period:

30th June, 2018

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Directors' Report

Core Assets

The Members have resolved the whole of the assets, freehold property and buildings situated at Country Club Drive, Wingham, with the exception of the area zoned R1 are core assets of the Club.

Auditors independence Declaration

The auditors independence declaration for the year ended 30th June, 2018 has been received and can be found on Page 8 of the financial report.

Signed in accordance with a Resolution of the Board of Directors

Signed at: Country Club Drive, Wingham NSW Dated: 27th October, 2018

Peter John Tait Director

Neville Blanch
Director

Neville Blanch

Neville Blanch

Auditor's Independence Declaration Under Section 307C of the Corporations Act 2001 to the

Directors of Wingham Golf Club Not For Profit (Reporting) Limited ABN 50 001 046 064

I declare that, to the best of my knowledge and belief, during the year ended 30th June, 2018 there have

- i. no contraventions of the auditor independence requirements as set out in the Corporations Act 2001 in relation to the audit; and
- ii. no contraventions of any applicable code of professional conduct in relation to the audit.

Garry Chapman

Registered Company Auditor

Country Wide Business Solutions Pty Limited . 1/22 Murray Street, Port Macquarie NSW 2444 Dated: 27th October, 2018

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Statement of Cash Flows Ended 30th June 2018

2018

2017

	\$	\$
	Inflows/ Outflows	Inflows/ Outflows
Cash flows from Operating Activities Receipts from Patrons & Donations Payments to Suppliers and Employees Interest Received	673,489 (656,598)	669,255 (727,920)
Finance Costs	(14,716)	(6,620)
Net Cash Generated from Operating Activities (Note 17(b))	2,175	(65,281)
Cash Flows from Investing Activities Payment for Property, Plant, Equipment Proceeds Sale Poker Machines	(17,299)	(40,173) 45,453
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities	(17,299)	5,280
Cash Flows from Financing Activities Proceeds from Borrowings Repayment of Borrowings	- (11,070)	146,364 (28,865)
Net Cash Provided by (Used in) Financing Activities	(11,070)	117,499
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash held Cash on Hand Beginning of Financial Year	(26,194) 36,379	57,498 (21,119)
Cash on Hand at End of Financial Year (Note 4)	10,185	36,379

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Statement of Profit or Loss and Other Comprehensive Income Ended 30th June 2018

	Note \$	2018 \$	2017
Revenue	2	748,428	697,833
Cost of Goods Sold		(166,859)	(129,340)
Employee Benefits Expense		(240,597)	(216,969)
Depreciation and Amortisation Expense	3	(37,502)	(27,302)
Utilities Expense		(29,770)	(25,126)
Rates and Rental Expense		(22,681)	(16,060)
Audit, Legal and Consulting Fees	3	(26,810)	(10,000)
Member Promotions		(41,902)	(26,076)
Golf Course Expenses		(77,349)	(73,822)
Administration		(194,395)	(127,476)
Sundry Expenses		(959)	(1,712)
Transfers to Provisions		•	(9,607)
Grant Expenditure		-	(28,574)
Current Year Surplus Before Income Tax		(90,396)	5,769
ncome Tax Expense		H	*
Net Current Year Surplus		(90,396)	5,769
Other Comprehensive Income Distribution Krambach Golf Club Limited	2	40,000	-
otal Comprehensive Income For the Year		(50,396)	5,769
let Current Year Surplus Attributable to lembers of the Company		(50,396)	5,769
otal Comprehensive Income Attributable to lembers of the Company		(50,396)	5,769

WINGHAM GOLF CLUB LIMITED

Not For Profit (Reporting) LIMITED ABN 59 001 046 064

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Statement of Financial Position as at 30th June, 2018

Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
		-
4 5 6 7	59,762 13,917 11,448 2,182	73,315 1,039 11,668 19,789
	87,309	105,811
8	1,774,211	1,808,998
	1,774,211	1,808,998
	1,861,520	1,914,809
•		
9 10 11 (a) 4 12(a)	101,408 36,725 16,457 49,577 43,484	127,118 385 21,220 37,163 38,066
-	247,651	223,952
	4 5 6 7 8 8	\$ 4 59,762 5 13,917 6 11,448 7 2,182 87,309 8 1,774,211 1,774,211 1,861,520 9 101,408 36,725 11 (a) 36,725 11 (a) 16,457 4 49,577 12(a) 43,484

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Statement of Financial Position as at 30th June, 2018

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
Non-Current Liabilities		N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N N	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Employee Provisions Loans - Secured	12(b) 11(b)	123,600	129,907
Total Non-Current Liabilities		123,600	129,907
Total Liabilities		371,251	353,859
Net Assets		1,490,269	1,560,950
Equity Reserves Retained Surplus		1,159,806 330,463	1,180,091 380,859
Total Equity		1,490,269	1,560,950
	-		

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Statement of Changes in Equity Ended 30th June 2018

	Retained Earnings \$	Revaluation Surplus \$	Lady Member Reserve \$	Total \$
Balance at 1 st September, 2016	375,090	1,195,578	4,798	1 575 466
Comprehensive Income	0,000	1,190,010	4,790	1,575,466
Profit for the Year	5,769	(20,285)	_	(14,516)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	- -	-	-
Balance at 30 th June, 2017 —	380,859	1,175,293	4,798	1,560,950
Balance at 1 st July, 2017	380,859	1,175,293	4,798	1,560,950
Comprehensive Income				
Profit for the Year	(90,396)	(20,285)	~	(110,681)
Other Comprehensive Income	-	-	-	-
Distribution Krambach Golf Club	40,000			40,000
3alance at 30 th June, 2018	330,463	1,155,008	4,798	1,490,269
·				

Depreciation on buildings has been adjusted to recognize actual cost only as a direct expense with incremental rises attributable to revaluation charged to asset revaluation surplus.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

The financial statements cover Wingham Golf Club Not for Profit (Reporting) Limited as an individual entity, incorporated and domiciled in Australia. Wingham Golf Club Not for Profit (Reporting) Limited is a company limited by Guarantee.

The financial statements were authorised for issue on 27th October, 2018 by the directors of the company.

Note 1: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Basis of Preparation

Wingham Golf Club Not For Profit (Reporting) Limited applies Australian Accounting Standards as set out in AASB 1053: Application of Tiers of Australian Accounting Standards.

The financial statements are general purpose financial statements that have been prepared in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards of the Australian Accounting Standards Board (AASB) and the Corporations Act 2001. The company is a not-for-profit entity for financial reporting purposes under Australian Accounting Standards.

Australian Accounting Standards set out accounting policies that the AASB has concluded would result in financial statements containing relevant and reliable information about transactions, events and conditions. Material accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are presented below and have been consistently applied unless otherwise states.

The 2016 Annual General Meeting approved a special resolution altering the annual reporting period to June. In the current 2018 year a full 12 months trading was recorded. Note 2017 figures are restricted to 10 months only.

The financial statements, except for the cash flow information, have been prepared on an accruals basis and are based on historical costs, modified, where applicable, by the measurement at fair value of selected non-current assets, financial assets and financial liabilities. The amounts presented in the financial statements have been rounded to the nearest dollar.

Accounting Policies

a Revenue

Revenue from the rendering of a service is recognised upon the delivery of the service to the customers.

All revenue is stated net of the amount of goods and services tax (GST).

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

Interest revenue is recognised using the effective interest rate method, which for floating rate financial assets is the rate inherent in the instrument. Dividend revenue is recognised when the right to receive a dividend has been established.

Donations and bequests are recognised as revenue when received.

b Inventories

inventories are measured at the lower of cost and current replacement cost.

Inventories acquired at no cost, or for nominal consideration are valued at the current replacement cost as at the date of acquisition.

c Property, Plant and Equipment

Each class of property, plant and equipment is carried at cost or fair values as indicated, less, where applicable, accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Freehold Property

Freehold land and buildings are shown at their fair value based on periodic valuations by external independent valuers, less subsequent depreciation for buildings.

In periods when the freehold land and buildings are not subject to an independent valuation, the directors conduct directors' valuations to ensure the carrying amount for the land and buildings is not materially different to the fair value.

The Club's land and buildings were revalued in 2010 by independent valuers. Valuations were made on the basis of open market value. The revaluation surplus was credited to an asset revaluation surplus in members equity.

At 30th June, 2018 the directors reviewed the key assumptions made by the valuers in 2010. They have concluded that these assumptions remain materially unchanged, and are satisfied that carrying amount does not exceed the recoverable amount of land and buildings at 30th June, 2018.

Increases in the carrying amount arising on revaluation of land and buildings are recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in the revaluation surplus in equity. Revaluation decreases that offset previous increases of the same class of assets shall be recognised in other comprehensive income under the heading of revaluation surplus. All other decreases are recognised in profit or loss.

Any accumulated depreciation at the date of the revaluation is eliminated against the gross carrying amount of the asset and the net amount is restated to the revalued amount of the asset.

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Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

Freehold land and buildings that have been contributed at no cost or for nominal cost are valued and recognised at the fair value of the asset at the date it is acquired.

Plant and Equipment

Plant and equipment are measured on the cost basis and are therefore carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. In the event the carrying amount of plant and equipment is greater than the estimated recoverable amount, the carrying amount is written down immediately to the estimated recoverable amount. A formal assessment of recoverable amount is made when impairment indicators are present (refer to Note 1(f) for details of impairment).

Subsequent costs are included in the assets carrying amount or recognized as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the company and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are recognized as expenses in profit or loss in the financial period in which they are incurred.

Plant and equipment that have been contributed at no cost or for nominal cost are recognised at the fair value of the asset at the date it is acquired.

Depreciation

The depreciable amount of all fixed assets including buildings and capitalised lease assets, but excluding freehold land, is depreciated on a straight line basis over the assets useful life to the Club commencing from the time the asset is held ready for use. Leasehold improvements are depreciated over the shorter of either the unexpired period of the lease or the estimated useful lives of the improvements.

The depreciation rates used for each class of depreciable assets are:

Class of Fixed A	sset	Depreciation Rate
Buildings General Plant and Poker Machines Bar Plant and Equ Golf Plant and Equ	ipment -	2.5% 10 - 20% 10 - 20% 10% 10 - 20%

The assets residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at each reporting period.

An asset carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the assets carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing proceeds with the carrying amount. These gains or losses are recognised immediately in profit or loss. When revalued assets are sold, amounts included in the revaluation surplus relating to that asset are transferred to retained surplus.

d Leases

Leases of fixed assets, where substantially all the risks and benefits incidental to the ownership of the asset, but not the legal ownership, that are transferred to the Club in the economic entirety are classified as finance leases.

Finance leases are capitalised by recording an asset and a liability at the lower of the amounts equal to the fair value of the leased property or the present value of the minimum lease payments, including any guaranteed residual values. Lease payments are allocated between the reduction of the lease liability and the lease interest expense for the period.

Leased assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of their estimated useful lives or the lease term.

Lease payments for operating leases, where substantially all the risks and benefits remain with the lessor, are charged as expenses on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

e Financial Instruments

Initial recognition and measurement

Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions to the instrument. For financial assets, this is equivalent to the date that the company commits itself to either purchase or sell the asset (i.e. trade date accounting is adopted).

Financial instruments are initially measured at fair value plus transaction costs except where the instrument is classified "at fair value through profit or loss", in which case transaction costs are recognised in profit or loss immediately.

Classification and subsequent measurement

Financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, or cost. Where available, quoted prices in an active market are used to determine fair value. In other circumstances, valuation techniques are adopted.

Amortised cost is calculated as the amount at which the financial asset or financial liability is measured at initial recognition less principal repayments and any reduction for impairment, and adjusted for any cumulative amortisation of the difference between that initial amount and the maturity amount calculated using the effective interest method.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

The effective interest method is used to allocate interest income or interest expense over the relevant period and is equivalent to the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts (including fees, transaction costs and other premiums or discounts) through the expected life (or when this cannot be reliably predicted, the contractual term) of the financial instrument to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. Revisions to expected future net cash flows will necessitate an adjustment to the carrying value with a consequential recognition of an income or expense item in profit or loss.

(i) Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets are classified at "fair value through profit or loss" when they are either held for trading for the purpose of short-term profit taking, derivatives not held for hedging purposes, or when they are designated as such to avoid an accounting mismatch or to enable performance evaluation where a group of financial assets is managed by key management personnel on a fair value basis in accordance with a documented risk management or investment strategy. Such assets are subsequently measured at fair value with changes in carrying value being included in profit or loss.

(ii) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market and are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial asset is derecognised.

(iii) Held-to-maturity investments

Held-to-maturity investments are non-derivative financial assets that have fixed maturities and fixed or determinable payments, and it is the company's intention to hold these investments to maturity. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Gains or losses are recognised in profit or loss through the amortisation process and when the financial asset is derecognised.

(iv) Available-for-sale investments

Available-for-sale investments are non-derivative financial assets that are either not capable of being classified into other categories of financial assets due to their nature or they are designated as such by management. They comprise investments in the equity of other entities where there is neither a fixed maturity nor fixed or determinable payments.

They are subsequently measured at fair value with any remeasurements other than impairment losses and foreign exchange gains and losses recognised in other comprehensive income.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss pertaining to that asset previously recognised in other comprehensive income is reclassified into profit or loss.

Available for sale financial assets are classified as non-current assets when they are expected to be sold within 12 months after the end of the reporting period. All other available-for-sale financial assets are classified as current assets.

Impairment

At the end of each reporting period, the company assesses whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset has been impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets will be deemed to be impaired if, and only if, there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of the occurrence of one or more events (a "loss event"), which has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset(s).

In the case of financial assets carried at amortised cost, loss events may include indications that the debtors or a group of debtors is experiencing significant financial difficulty, default or delinquency in interest or principal payments, indications that they will enter bankruptcy or other financial reorganisation and changes in arrears or economic conditions that correlate with defaults.

For financial assets carried at amortised cost (including loans and receivables), a separate allowance account is used to reduce the carrying amount of financial assets impaired by credit losses. After having taken all possible measures of recovery, if the management establishes that the carrying amount cannot be recovered by any means, at that point the writing off amounts are charged to the allowance account or the carrying amount of impaired financial assets is reduced directly if no impairment amount was previously recognised in the allowance accounts.

When the terms of financial assets that would otherwise have been past due or impaired have been renegotiated, the company recognises the impairment for such financial assets by taking into account the original terms as if the terms have not been renegotiated so that the loss events that have occurred are duly considered.

Derecognition

Financial assets are derecognised where the contractual rights to receipt of cash flows expires or the asset is transferred to another party whereby the entity no longer has any significant continuing involvement in the risks and benefits associated with the asset. Financial liabilities are derecognised where the related obligations are either discharged, cancelled or expired. The difference between the carrying value of the financial liability, which is extinguished or transferred to another party and the fair value of consideration paid, including the transfer of non-cash assets or liabilities assumed, is recognised in profit or loss.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

f Impairment of Assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Company reviews the carrying values of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have been impaired. If such an indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset, being the higher of the asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use, is compared to the asset's carrying value. Any excess of the asset's carrying value over its recoverable amount is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Where the future economic benefits of the asset are not primarily dependent upon on the assets ability to generate net cash inflows and when the entity would, if deprived of the asset, replace its remaining future economic benefits, value in use is determined as the depreciated replacement cost of an asset.

Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an assets class, the entity estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the class of assets belong.

Where an impairment loss on a revalued asset is identified, this is debited against the revaluation surplus in respect of the same class of asset to the extent that the impairment loss does not exceed the amount in the revaluation surplus for that same class of asset.

g Employee Provisions

Short-Term Employee Provisions

Provision is made for the company's obligation for short-term employee benefits. Short-term employee benefits are benefits (other than termination benefits) that are expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service, including wages, salaries and sick leave. Short-term employee benefits are measured at the (undiscounted) amounts expected to be paid when the obligation is settled.

Other Long-Term Employee Provisions

Provision is made for employees' long service leave and annual leave entitlements not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related service. Other long-term employee benefits are measured at the present value of the expected future payments to be made to employees. Expected future payments incorporate anticipated future wage and salary levels, durations of service and employee departures, and are discounted at rates determined by reference to market yields at the end of the reporting period on government bonds that have maturity dates that approximate the terms of the obligations. Upon the remeasurement of obligations for other long-term employee benefits, the net change in the obligation is recognised in profit or loss as part of employee benefits expense.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

The company's obligations for long-term employee benefits are presented as non-current employee provisions in its statement of financial position, except where the company does not have an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period, in which case the obligations are presented as current provisions.

h Cash on Hand

Cash on hand includes cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within short-term borrowings in current liabilities on the statement of financial position.

i Goods and Services Tax (GST)

Revenues, expenses and assets are recognised net of the amount of GST, except where the amount of GST incurred is not recoverable from the Australian Tax Office (ATO).

Receivables and payables stated inclusive of the amount of GST receivables or payable. The net amount of GST recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO is included with other receivables or payables in the statement of financial position.

Cash flows are presented on a gross basis. The GST components of cash flows arising from investing or financing activities which are recoverable from, or payable to, the ATO are presented as operating in the cash flow in receipts from customers or payments to suppliers.

j Income Tax

No provision for income tax has been raised as the Company is exempt from income tax under Division 50 of the Income Tax Assessment Act 1997.

k intangibles

Software

Software is recorded at cost. Software has a finite life and is carried at cost less accumulated amortisation and any impairment losses. It has an estimated useful life of between one and three years. It is assessed annually for impairment.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has a legal or constructive obligation, as a result of past events, for which it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will result and that outflow can be reliably measured. Provision recognised represent the best estimate of the amounts required to settle the obligation at the end of the reporting period.

m Comparative Figures

Where required by Accounting Standards comparative figures have been adjusted to conform with changes in presentation for the current financial year.

When an entity applies an accounting policy retrospectively, makes a retrospective restatement or reclassifies items in its financial statements, a statement of financial position as at the beginning of the earliest comparative period must be disclosed.

n Accounts Receivable and Other Debtors

Accounts receivable and other debtors include amounts due from members as well as amounts receivable from customers for goods sold in the ordinary course of business. Receivables expected to be collected within 12 months of the end of the reporting period are classified as current assets. All other receivables are classified as non-current assets.

Accounts receivable are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, less any provision for impairment. Refer to Note 1(e) for further discussion on the determination of impairment losses.

o Accounts Payable and Other Payables

Accounts payable and other payables represent the liability outstanding at the end of the reporting period for goods and services received by the company during the reporting period which remain unpaid. The balance is recognised as a current liability with the amounts normally paid within 30 days of recognition of the liability.

p Critical Accounting Estimates and Judgments

The directors evaluate estimates and judgments incorporated into the financial statements based on historical knowledge and best available current information. Estimates assume a reasonable expectation of future events and are based on current trends and economic data, obtained both externally and within the Company.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

Key Estimates

Impairment

The company assesses impairment at the end of each reporting period by evaluating conditions and events specific to the company that may be indicative of impairment triggers.

Key Judgements

Employee Benefits

For the purpose of measurement, AASB 119: Employee Benefits (September 2011) defines obligations for short-term employee benefits as obligations expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the annual reporting period in which the employees render the related services. The company expects most employees will take their annual leave entitlements within 24 months of the reporting period in which they were earned, but this will not have a material impact on the amounts recognized in respect of obligations for employees' leave entitlements.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

	2018	2017	
	\$	\$	
Note 2: Revenue and Other Income			
Sale of Goods Gaming Revenue Golf Green, Competition Fees, Cart Hire Member Subscriptions Other Revenue Interest Received Donations Members Promotions Fund Raising & Levies Grants Received Provision Club Refurbishment Provision Course Improvement Provision Cart Path Levy Profit on Disposal of Assets Krambach Golf – final dividend	336,527 107,427 205,847 38,818 14,448 	264,923 77,147 153,789 47,046 11,811 4 1,751 18,238 9,607 25,738 14,851 13,290 14,183 45,455	
Total Revenue	788,428	697,833	

WINGHAM GOLF CLUB

Not For Profit (Reporting) LIMITED ABN 59 001 046 064

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
Note 3: Surplus for the Year			
a Expenses			
Depreciation and Amortisation			
- Plant and Equipment		30,443	21,420
- Buildings		7,059	5,882
Total Depreciation and Amortisation	_	37,502	27,302
Employee Benefits Expense Contributions to Defined Contributions Superannuation Funds	-	22,247	16,225
Remuneration of Auditor	_		
- Audit Services			
2016		5,000	-
2017		5,000	5,000
2018	•	2,000	· -
		12,000	5,000
- Other Services			
2016		3,000	~
2017		6,860	5000
2018	·	6,950	4
Fotal Audit Remuneration	 -	16,810	5,000
			····

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

		Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
b	Significant Revenue			
(i) Du	uring the year a Work-for-the-Dole Grant was red	eived		
	al Grant expensed		_	25,738 (28,574)
Baiar	nce transferred to Grants in Advance 2018	10		*
(ii) Sa	le of Electronic Gaming Machines	_	-	45,455
(iii) Di	stribution from Krambach Golf Club Limited	-	40,000	-
Curre				
- Casr - Cash	a at Bank I Float		50,321 9,441	63,874 9,441
	on Hand :: Bank Overdraft	_	59,762 (49,577)	73,315 37,163
	Cash on Hand as Stated in the Statement of ial Position and Statement of Cash Flows	17(a)	10,185	(36,152)
	5: Accounts Receivable and Othe	r Debtors	**************************************	
Curre				
	it Receivable Debtors		2,914	812
Ourer L	Peptura		11,003	227
Total A	ccounts Receivable and Other Debtors		13,917	1,039

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

	2018	2017
	\$	\$
Note 6: Inventories on Hand		
Current At cost		
Inventory	11,448	11,668
·	11,448	11,668
Note 7: Other Current Assets		
Current		
Borrowing Costs	532	628
Subdivision Costs	٦	5,700
GST Paid (Due from ATO)	1,650	13,461
	2,182	19,789

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

	2018 \$	2017 \$	
Note 8: Property, Plant and Equipment			
Land & Buildings Freehold land:			
- At Fair Value	785,700	780,000	
Total Land Value	785,700	780,000	
Buildings:		01- 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	
- At Fair Value - Less: Accumulated Depreciation	1,093,775 (233,452)	1,093,775 (206,108)	
Total Buildings	860,323	887,667	
Total Land & Buildings	1,646,023	1,667,667	
Plant and Equipment:			
- At cost - Less: Accumulated Depreciation	582,986 (454,798)	569,763 (428,432)	
Total Plant & Equipment	128,188	141,331	
Total Property, Plant & Equipment	1,774,211	1,808,998	

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

Movements in Carrying Amounts

Movement in the carrying amounts for each class of property, plant and equipment between the beginning and the end of the current financial year.

	Land & Buildings	Furniture & Equipment	Total
2017			
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,693,246	128,866	1,822,112
Additions at Cost	-	34,473	34,473
Disposals	-	-	-
Depreciation Expense	(5,882)	(21,420)	(27,302)
Asset Revaluation Reserve	(20,285)	**	(20,285)
Carrying Amount at the end of the Year	1,667,079	141,919	1,808,998
2018			
Balance at the beginning of the year	1,667,079	141,919	1,808,988
Additions at Cost	5700	17,298	22,999
Disposals	-	-	-
Depreciation Expense	(6,470)	(31,030)	(37,500)
Asset Revaluation Reserve	(20,285)		(20,285)
Carrying Amount at the end of the Year	1,646,024	128,187	1,774,211

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

	Notes	2018	2017
		\$	\$
The Club's land and buildings were revalued in 20	10 by independent valuers.	Valuations were m	ade on

the basis of open market value. The revaluation surplus was credited to an asset revaluation surplus in members equity.

At 30th June, 2018 the directors reviewed the key assumptions made by the valuers in 2010. They have concluded that these assumptions remain materially unchanged, and are satisfied that carrying amount does not exceed the recoverable amount of land and buildings at 30th June, 2018.

Borrowings are secured by a First Registered Mortgage over property situated at Country Club Drive, Wingham and a First Registered Equitable Mortgage over the Company's assets and undertakings.

Note 9: Accounts Payable and Other Payables

Current Accounts Payable Provision Member Prizes Provision Superannuation Balance Day Accruals	67,821 4,000 7,344 22,243	94,583 3,355 27,552 1,628
Total Trade and Other Payables	101,408	127,118
Note 10: Income in Advance		
Members Subscriptions	36,725	385
	36,725	385

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

	Notes	2018	2017 \$
Note 11: Loans			
Current Secured Unsecured		16,457	21,220 -
	11 (a)	16,457	21,220
Non Current Secured	11 (b)	123,600	129,907
Total Loans		140,057	151,127
Note 12: Employee Provisions			
Opening Balance at 1st July, 2017 Additional Provisions Raised During Year Amounts Used		38,066 5,418	37,507 6,802 (6,243)
Balance at 30 th June, 2018		43,484	38,066
Analysis of Employee Provisions			10 10 10 10
Current			
Annual Leave Entitlements Long Service Leave Entitlements		18,108 25,376	17,996 20,070
	12(a)	43,484	38,066
Non-Current		THE STREET STREET	
Long Service Leave Entitlements	12(b)	- .	-
		43,484	38,066
•	pers		

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

2018	2017
\$	\$

Employee Provisions

Employee provisions represent amounts accrued for annual leave and long service leave.

The current portion for this provision includes the total amount accrued for annual leave entitlements and the amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have vested due to employees having completed the required period of service. Based on past experience, the company does not expect the full amount of annual leave or long service leave balances classified as current liabilities to be settled within the next 12 months. However, these amounts must be classified as current liabilities since the company does not have an unconditional right to defer the settlement of these amounts in the event employees wish to use their leave entitlement.

The non-current portion for this provision includes amounts accrued for long service leave entitlements that have not yet vested in relation to those employees who have not yet completed the required period of service.

Note 13: Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets

The directors are not aware of any known contingent liabilities nor contingent assets.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

		2018 \$	2017 \$
Not	e 14: Events After the Reporting Period		
The o	lirectors are not aware of any known events which may impact the club.		
Note	e 15: Related Party Transactions		
a į	Key Management Personnel		
	Any person(s) having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the company, directly or indirectly, including any director (whether executive or otherwise) is considered key management personnel.		
	Key Management Personnel Compensation		
	Directors Expenses Directors Honorariums	<u>-</u> -	-
)	Other Related Parties		
	Other related parties include close family members of key management personnel, and entities that are controlled or jointly controlled by those key management personnel individually or collectively with their close family members.	-	_

The accompanying notes form part of these financial statements.

b

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

	Note	2018 \$	2017 \$
No	te 16: Cash Flow Information		
а	Reconciliation of Cash		
	- Cash at Bank	50,321	63,874
	- Other Cash	9,441	9,441
	- Bank Overdraft	(49,577)	(37,163)
	(4)	10,185	36,152
þ	Reconciliation of Cash Flow from Operating with Current Year	Surplus	
	Profit After Income Tax	(36,922)	5,769
	Non-Cash Flows	, , ,	-,-
	Depreciation	37,501	27,302
	Provision Staff Entitlements	5,418	559
	Provision Member Prizes	645	1,303
	Profit Upon Disposal of Assets	-	(45,455)
	Borrowing Costs	156	158
	Changes in Assets and Liabilities		
	(Increase) Decrease in Trade Debtors / Other Debtors	(13,105)	1,419
	(Increase) Decrease In Inventories	220	(1,098)
	Increase (Decrease) in Trade Creditors	(18,062)	(1,583)
	Increase (Decrease) in Subscriptions in Advance	36,340	\ .,==/
	(Increase) Decrease Prepayments	,	(11,174)
	Increase (Decrease) Club Refurbishment	-	(14,852)
	Increase (Decrease) Path Construction		(14,182)
	Increase (Decrease) Course Improvements	-	(13,289)
	Increase (Decrease) Staff Entitlements	(20,207)	7,678
	încrease (Decrease) Grants in Advance	-	(4,665)
	(Increase) Decrease Borrowing Cost	-	(785)
	Increase (Decrease) Accrued Expenses	2,615	(4,926)
	Increase (Decrease) GST Liability	7,576	2,313
		2,175	(65,281)
	The accompanying notes form part of these financial	al statements.	

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

Note	2018	2017
	\$	\$

Note 17: Financial Risk Management

The company's financial instruments consist mainly of deposits with banks, local money market instruments, short-term and long-term investments, receivables and payables, and lease liabilities.

The carrying amounts for each category of financial instruments, measured in accordance with AASB 139 as detailed in the accounting policies to these financial statements, are as follows:

Financial Assets

Cash on Hand Accounts Receivable and Other Debtors Financial Assets at Fair Value through Profit or Loss: - Investments in Listed Shares, Held for Trading Held to Maturity Investments: - Investments in Government and Fixed Interest Securities Available for Sale Financial Assets: - Investments in Listed Shares, Available for Sale	4 5	10,185 13,917 - - -	73,315 1,039 - - -
Total Financial Assets		24,102	74,354
Financial Liabilities			
Financial liabilities at amortised cost; - Accounts Payable and Other Payables - Lease Liabilities	9	101,408 -	127,118 -
Total Financial Liabilities		101,408	127,118

⁽i) Cash on hand, accounts receivable and other debtors, and accounts payable and other payables are short-term instruments in nature whose carrying amount is equivalent to fair value. Trade and other payables exclude amounts provided for annual leave, which is outside the scope of AASB 139.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

Note 18: Fair Value Measurements

The company measures and recognizes the following assets at fair value on a recurring basis after initial recognition:

- Financial assets at fair value through profit and loss;
- Available for sale financial assets; and
- Freehold land and buildings.

The company does not subsequently measure any liabilities at fair value on a recurring basis, or any assets or liabilities at fair value on a non-recurring basis.

a. Fair Value Hierarchy

AASB 13: Fair Value Measurement requires the disclosure of fair value information by level of fair value hierarchy, which categorises fair value measurements into one of three possible levels based on the lowest level that an input that is significant to the me3asurement can be categorized into as follows:

Level 1

Measurements based on quoted prices (adjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date.

Level 2

Measurements based on inputs other than quoted prices included in Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3

Measurements based on unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

The fair values of assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market are determined using one or more valuation techniques. These valuation techniques maximise, to the extent possible, the use of observable market data. If all significant inputs required to measure fair value are observable, the asset or liability is included in Level 2. If one or more significant inputs are not based on observable market data, the asset or liability is included in Level 3.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

Valuation techniques

The company selects a valuation technique that is appropriate in the circumstances and for which sufficient data is available to measure fair value. The availability of sufficient and relevant data primarily depends on the specific characteristics of the asset or liability being measured. The valuation techniques selected by the company are consistent with one or more of the following valuation approaches:

- Market approach: valuation techniques that use prices and other relevant information generated by market transactions for identical or similar assets or liabilities.
- Income approach; valuation techniques that convert estimated future cash flows or income and expenses into a single discounted present value.
- Cost approach: valuation techniques that reflect the current replacement cost of an asset at its current service capacity.

Each valuation technique requires inputs that reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would use when pricing the asset or liability, including assumptions about risks. When selecting a valuation technique, the company gives priority to those techniques that maximise the use of observable inputs and minimise the use of unobservable inputs. Inputs that are developed using market data (such as publicly available information on actual transactions) and reflect the assumptions that buyers and sellers would generally use when pricing the asset or liability are considered observable, whereas inputs for which market data is not available and therefore are developed using the best information available about such assumptions are considered unobservable.

The following tables provide the fair values of the company's assets and liabilities measured and recognised on a recurring basis after initial recognition and their categorisation within the fair value hierarchy:

30 th June, 2018	Note	Level 1 \$	Level 2	Level 3 \$	Total \$
Recurring Fair Value Measuremen	ts				
Non-Financial Assets					
Freehold Land	8	-	785,700	4	7 85,700
Freehold Buildings	8	-	860,323	-	860,323
Total Non-Financial Assets					
Recognised at Fair Value		a	1,646,023	4	1,646,023
,					

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

30 th June 2017	Note	Level 1 \$	Level 2 \$	Level 3	Total \$
Recurring Fair Value Measuremen	ts				
Non-Einancial Assets					
Freehold Land	8		780,000	-	780,000
Freehold Buildings	8	-	887,667		887,667
Total Non-Financial Assets				<u> </u>	
Recognised at Fair Value		-	1,667,667	-	1,667,667

a. Valuation Techniques and Inputs Used to Measure Level 2 Fair Values

Description Non-Financial Asssets	Fair Value at 30 th June, 2018 \$	Valuation Technique(s)	Inputs Used
Freehold Land	785,700	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties; income approach using discounted cash flow methodology.	Price per hectare; market borrowing rate.
Freehold Buildings	860,323	Market approach using recent observable market data for similar properties; income approach using discounted cash flow methodology.	Price per square metre; market borrowing rate.
	1,646,023	•	

The Club's land and buildings were revalued in 2010 by independent valuers. Valuations were made on the basis of open market value. The revaluation surplus was credited to an asset revaluation surplus in members equity.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

Note 2018 2017 \$ \$

At 30th June, 2018 the directors reviewed the key assumptions made by the valuers in 2010. They have concluded that these assumptions remain materially unchanged, and are satisfied that carrying amount does not exceed the recoverable amount of land and buildings at 30th June, 2018.

b. Disclosed Fair Value Measurements

The following assets and liabilities are not measured at fair value in the statement of financial position, but their fair values are disclosed in the notes:

- accounts receivable and other debtors;
- government and fixed interest securities:
- accounts payable and other payables; and
- lease liabilities.

Note 19: Capital Management

Management controls the capital of the entity to ensure that adequate cash flows are generated to fund its programs and that returns from investments are maximized within tolerable risk parameters.

Risk management policies are approved and reviewed by the board on a regular basis. These include credit risk policies and future cash flow requirements.

The entity's capital consists of financial liabilities, supported by financial assets.

Management effectively manages the entitys capital by assessing the entity's financial risks and responding to changes in these risks and in the market. These responses may include the consideration of debt levels.

There have been no changes to the strategy adopted by management to control the capital of the entity since the previous year. The strategy of the entity is to maintain a gearing ratio below 10%.

WINGHAM GOLF CLUB

Not For Profit (Reporting) LIMITED ABN 59 001 046 064

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

Note	2018	2017
	* \$	\$

The gearing ratios for the years ended 30th June, 2018 and 31st August, 2017 are as follows:

		2018	2017
Total Borrowings Less Cash on Hand Net Debt Total Equity (Retained Profits and Reserves)	4	189,634 (59,762) 129,872 1,490,269	188,290 (73,315) 114,975 1,560,960
Total Capital		1,620,141	1,675,925
Gearing Ratio		8.02%	6,86%

Note 20: Reserves

a. Revaluation Surplus

The revaluation surplus records the revaluations of non-current assets. Where revaluations are deemed to represent profits of a permanent nature, dividends may be declared from this surplus.

b. Financial Assets Reserve

The financial assets reserve records revaluation increments and decrements (that do not represent impairment write-downs) that relate to financial assets that are classified as available-for-sale.

c. Analysis of Reserve

Asset Revaluation Reserve

Opening Balance 1,175,293
Transfer to Provision Depreciation on Buildings (20,285)

Closing Balance 30th June, 2018 1,155,008

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Notes to the Financial Statements Ended 30th June 2018

2018

2017

\$

Note 21: Club Details

The registered office of the company is:

Wingham Golf Club Limited 30 Country Club Drive Wingham NSW 2429

The principal place of business is:

30 Country Club Drive Wingham NSW 2429

Note 22: Members Guarantee

The company is incorporated under the Corporations Act 2001 and is a company limited by guarantee. If the company is wound up, the constitution states that each member is required to contribute a maximum of \$4 each towards meeting any outstanding obligations of the entity.

At 30th June, 2018, the total amount that members of the company are liable to contribute if the company is wound up is \$2,248. (2017: \$2,512).

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Director's Declaration

in accordance with a resolution of the Directors of Wingham Golf Club Not for Profit (Reporting) Limited, the directors declare that:

- The financial statements and notes, as set out on Pages 8 to 43, are in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001; and
 - (a) comply with Australian Accounting Standards; and
 - (b) give a true and fair view of the financial position of the company as at 30th June, 2018 and its performance for the year ended on that date.
- In the directors' opinion there are reasonable grounds to believe that the company will be able to pay its debts as and when they become due and payable.

This declaration is made in accordance with a resolution of the Board of Directors.

Signed at: Country Club Drive, Wingham NSW Dated: 27th October, 2018

Peter John Tait Director

Neville Blanch Director

Neville Blanch

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Independent Auditor's Review Report to the Members of Wingham Golf Club Not For Profit (Reporting) Limited

Report on the Financial Report

We have reviewed the accompanying financial report of Wingham Golf Club Not For Profit (Reporting) Limited (the company), which comprises the statement of financial position as at 30th June, 2018 the statement of profit or loss and other comprehensive income, statement of changes in equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, notes comprising a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and the directors' declaration.

Directors' Responsibility for the Financial Report

The directors of the company are responsible for the preparation of the financial report that gives a true and fair view in accordance with Australian Accounting Standards and the Corporations Act 2001 and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of the financial report that is free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the financial report based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Auditing Standard on Review Engagements ASRE 2415: Review of a Financial Report – Company Limited by Guarantee, in order to state whether, on the basis of the procedures described, we have become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the financial report is not in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30th June, 2018 and its performance for 12 months ended on that date; and
- (ii) complying with the Australian Accounting Standards and Corporations Regulations 2001.

ASRE 2415 requires that we comply with the ethical requirements relevant to the review of the financial report.

A review of a financial report consists of making enquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Australian Auditing Standards and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

A COMPANY LIMITED BY GUARANTEE

Independent Auditor's Review Report to the Members of Wingham Golf Club Not For Profit (Reporting) Limited

Independence

In conducting our review, we have complied with the independence requirements of the Corporations Act 2001. We confirm that the independence declaration required by the Corporations Act 2001, which has been given to the directors of Wingham Golf Club Not For Profit (Reporting) Limited, would be in the same terms if given to the directors as at the time of this auditor's report.

Conclusion

Based on our review, which is not an audit, we have not become aware of any matter that makes us believe that the financial report of Wingham Golf Club Not For Profit (Reporting) Limited is not in accordance with the Corporations Act 2001 including:

- (i) giving a true and fair view of the company's financial position as at 30th June, 2018 and of its performance for the 12 months ended on that date; and
- (ii) complying with Australian Accounting Standards and Corporations Regulations 2001.

Dated: 27th October, 2018

Garry Chapman

Registered Company Auditor

Country Wide Business Solutions Pty Limited 1/22 Murray Street, Port Macquarie NSW 2444